The Blair County Whig.

Vol. XVI--Whole No. 856. *OUR COUNTRY IS OUR PARTY.* New Series--Vol. 3, No. 18

By John Brotherline. HOLLIDAYSBURG AND ALTOONA, PA., SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1864. Established 1846

PRICE
ALWAYS AHEAD.

JUST RECEIVED
AND
NOW OPENING
AT THE WELL KNOWN STAND
Corner of Blair and Montgomery street
The Second Supply.
FOR THE SEASON.

It became necessary to visit the City at this unusual season of the year, in consequence we are now prepared to sell as low as ever.

Dialogue Between Two Men.

James—How is it that Price sells so many goods?

Thomas—Because he keeps a large stock of good goods—sells at moderate rate, and advertises liberaly.

James—And I see that he has gone to the city again, and no doubt will sell cheaper than ever.

Thomas—Yes, they say he has gone again. But I am told that goods are very scarce, in the city, and advancing in price. If so he can't sell any cheaper than he did.

James—Well, I will go and see, as I want lots of goods, and I know he will do his best.

Thomas—Yes, he'll do that. I have bought from them all; but Price is such a dogged clever fellow, I can't go round him, and he keeps nearly everything useful from a barrel of Flour to a cambric needle.

James—Sarah Smith told me he sold muslin at from 15 to 50 cts. and calico from 20 to 25, (though Price says the 20 cent is very FINE,) and shawls from $1 to $20—and any quantity of shoes.

Thomas—Then he keeps Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, and nearly everything necessary for family use; so let us go and see what he will do. jan.9.'64.

COME AND SEE
The New First Class
DRUG, MEDICINE, FRUIT,
AND
VARIETY STORE,

Erected on the old spot, in Allegheny street, below the American House, and next door to A. F. Osterloh's hardware store. The stock consists of PURE

Foreign and Domestic Drugs,

MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS,
OILS,
PERFUMERY,
ALCOHOL,
VINEGAR,
SPICES,
FRUITS,
CIGARS,

and also a variety of

SOAPS AND FANCY GOODS.

All articles sold as low, if not lower, than elsewhere. The business will be conducted in every department by the proprietor in person; and all orders and medical prescriptions will be filled with the greatest care and attention.

☞ The undersignod tenders his sincere thanks to his customers, friends, and a generous public, for their kind patronage received, and respectfully solicits their custom in the future as it has been in the past.

J. SNYDER, Druggist.

Mar 23–3m-pd.

THE GREAT CAUSE
OF
HUMAN MISERY.
Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope.
PRICE SIX CENTS.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.—By ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the Green Book, &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. This lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing

CHAS. J. C. KLINE,
127 Bowery New York, Post Office Box, 4586.
Oct. 31.-1y.

JOHN H. KEATLY.

Attorney at Law,
HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.

OFFICE in old place, McFarland's Building. Collections and Soldiers' Claims promptly attended to. May 30, 1863.

SAMUEL S. BLAIR, Attorney at Law, Hollidaysburg, Pa. [March 7, 1863.

NEW STORE.

JUST RECEIVED
AND
NOW OPENING
AT
CHAMBERLIN'S
CORNER,
Montgomery & Mulberry streets,
HOLLIDAYSBURG,

A large supply of
WINTER & SPRING
DRY GOODS,

Embracing every style, pattern and variety, both of

GENTLEMENS'
and
LADIES' WEAR.

Together with a large and complete stock of choice and fashionable

READY-MADE CLOTHING

Of all qualities, sizes and prices; cheapest in town, with an extensive variety of

BOOTS & SHOES

Direct from the Manufacturers, of Superior Quality! Including all descriptions of misses', ladies', gentlemens' and bors' wear, with a fine assortment of Gum Shoes, ladies', misses', and childrens'

HATS & CAPS.

HOSIERY, CLOTHS, CASSIMERS,
BLACK and FANCY.

A fine assortment of

SHAWLS,

that will be sole at jobbing prices, with merely transportation added.

5000 YDS. PRINTS,

From 20 to 25 cts. a yard, including the finest Merrimack manufactured brown Muslins at from 22 to 45 cts., pleached do. 20 to 40 cts.

Also, A fresh assortment of

GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,

and all other article usually kept in a Dry Goods, Grocdry and general variety store.

The Goods were all purchased for cash at the lowest market prices, and will be sold at a

Small Advance on First Cost.

Call & Examine.

No trouble to show goods. All kinds of Produce taken at the highest market price in exchange for goods.

W. H. CHAMBERLIN.

Mollidaysburg, Feb. 20, 1864.

GAS-BURNING PARLOR,
AND
COOK STOVES.

THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public, that he has just received a large supply of STOVES, of all Patterns, which he will sell at the most reduced prices. They are partly of the latest improved Pittsburgh and Philadelphia Gas-Burning, Cook and Parlor Stoves, the very latest, best and cheapest.

His shop and store is on Annie street, East Ward Altoona.

He has also Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, a Coppersmithing room, and does roofing and spouting on short notice.

STEPHEN WINTERS.

Oct. 3, 1863.

A. J. WOLFE,
CABINET-MAKER
AND UNDERTAKER,
Corner of Allegheny and Front Streets
HOLLIDAYSBURG.

FURNITURE of all descriptions always on hand or made to order.

☞ Coffins made to order, and a HEARSE furnished free in town and country.

Hollidaysburg, May 31, 1862,

ADMIN STRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF DAVID MARKEY, JR., DEC'D.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Frankstown, on the estate of David Markey, late of Frankstown township, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement. GEO. W. CUNNINGHAM, Esq.

feb.5 Administrator.

JOHNSTON, JACK & CO.,
(Formerly Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co.)
Bankers,—Hollidaysburg, Pa.

WM. M. LLOYD & CO.,
(Formerly Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co
Bankers,—Altoona, Pa.
Nov. 22, 1861.

DR. J. J. LEVI,
of Philadelphia,

HAS located in Duncansville, Blair county, and offers his professional services as a Physician, Surgeon and Dentist. He also keeps on hand an assortment of Medicines for the accommodation of all persons desiring them

May 8-1—28.

OUR FLAG FOREVER.

Forever float that standard sheet!
Where breathes the foe but falls before us?
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,
And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

THE WHIG.

LIES, AND HOW TO KILL THEM.

'I said in my haste, all men are liars.'—KING DAVID.

'Ye said it in your haste, did ye, David? Hech, mon, were ye leevin now, ye might say it at your leisure.—DOMINIE MCPHAIL.

THE Dominie was right. It's a lying world. It does not improve with age either. The habit has become chronic and the worst of all is that the world has told some lies so often, that it actually now believes them itself. The wretched family propagates, too, at a terrible rate. Lies breed, like other vermine, rapidly, and they are not at all modest about intruding in company.

I meet them in the gossiping circle, and I meet them in the courts of justice. I find lies in politics and lies in religion, lies in the pulpit, 'nail't wi' Scripture,' lies in the counting room railed with false entries, religeous lies told by Deacon Longface, for the advancement of what the Deacon calls 'the gospel,' and irreligeous lies told by Bill Snooks, and clenched with an oath, lies in good books, and lies in bad ones, lies written, and printed in the newspapers, and lies whispered in the ear, and any number of lies sent by telegraph! And then, there's the walking lies, going about on two legs, saying what they do not believe, professing what they do not feel, the most scandalous sort of lies extant.

I meet them often, too, in the best society.' They are very impudent, you know. I suppose they force their presence on people. At all events, I know I find them in respectable company, and they seem quite at home there.

My friend Jones has just built what the newspaper calls 'an elegant mansion.' I was invited to the house-warming Mrs. Jones's set is very exclusive, and I was greatly complimented, of course. I went. Jones has taste. I noticed the plaster walls. Jones had them colored to marble. The wainscoting of the library was pine, but the pine lied itself into a passable walnut. The folding doors of the parlor were pine, too, when I came near. They pretended to be solid oak while I stood at the other end of the room. Jones had succumbed to the demands of his time, and had made his dwelling among lies. His 'elegant mansion' was a big staring lie from top to bottom. From the plated doorknob to the railing round the garret stairs, he had 'made lies his refuge.' I was bewildered that evening. It was impossible to say what was real. Miss Seraphina Jones had a lovely color. Was it *done* like the folding doors? Mrs. Smythe had the whitest of teeth when she smiled. Were they only a pretence at teeth? Mrs. Robinson had beautiful masses of that chesnut hair around her handsome neck. The bewildering 'mansion' of my friend made me halt doubt even the splendid hair. Tom Harris's magnificent whiskers, I *knew*, were not colored by fancy to that depth of darkness. At last I actually began to doubt the sincerity of every body present. Their warm expression of delight with Jones's new house, their pleasure in each other's society, their earnest inquiries after each other's welfare, all began to affect me with a sense of unreality, owing to that masquerading 'mansion.' I began to think, in such a house, there might be more shams than the marbles plaster or the grained pine.

Jones's church is not better. I occupied a seat in his 'eligible pew' last Sunday. The lath and plaster walls pretended to be Caen stone. The cheap deal was all make-believe' oak. The brick pillars were blocked off,' and unblushingly claimed to be granite. As I entered, I observed that the pulpit stood under the arch of a recess roofed with carved stone, with clustered columns rising on the sides and spreading into graceful arches overhead. As I walked up the broad aisle, the recess shifted strangely, and the clustered columns of carven stone' ran in and out, at hide and seek. At last the truth flashed on me. The chancel was only painted on the flat rear wall of the building! I don't know what the sermon was about. It doesn't matter. How *could* a man preach truth, framed in such a staring lie? I have no doubt he trieb to, for, I believe, he is an excellent man; but what a place to put him, Sunday after Sunday, with that painted cheat behind him, mocking all he says.

But lies are venerable as well as respectable. There are old, gray lies that men half worship. The more toothless and drivelling, often the more venerable. They have imposed their solemn emptiness on men for generations. They have awed the souls of the fathers. They make the children tremble. Men chant their praises, call them great names, and tell each other the old scarecrows are better than any truths—they are so ancient, so venerable, you see; and all the old women male and female, believe them.

Then, there are powerful lies. Think on the wars men have fought for lies, on the millions of followers lies have had—how from their lofty seats they govern empires, convulse continents, and drive patient nations mad. Think on the money they have made, the mouths they have filled, the backs they have warmed, the house they have built, the reputations they have created, the systems they have propped the books they have sent out, the presses they have kept busy. Think of the Donation of Constantine, the Forged Decretals, the South Sea Scheme, the Mississippi Bubble, of Wild Cat Banks, and Joyce Heth! He is certainly a bold man who will rashly measure his strength with this mighty family.

As the world goes, the Father of Lies crowns himself and claims the sovereignty. 'All these things will I give thee'—riches, honor, power. It is the old Temptation of the Desert forever repeated. He lies when he makes the offer. They were never his to give. But it's a lying world: There are millions of us cheated. They take the old scoundrel at his word.

You and I, reader, do not, let us hope. We agree in believing that, under any circumstances, lies are not good; that, at all times, they are unsafe, unwholesome, and in every way bad, very bad; that, on the whole, it is not safe to trust them, or go with them. That is a good creed. It appears to me the only creed, on this subject, that will stand.

For this is, after all, a very solemn sort of life. It has a very serious ending. A great universe whirls away with its ebon-faced mysteries piled from central caves to highest heavens—a universe, with all its mysteries, of hardest reality and baldest truth. A man looking up to the cold, clear, unswerving stars, out yonder in the wintry night, or down at the grave that lies, somewhere digging across his path, must feel that a lie for him, knowing his place, knowing himself, that a lie for him is accursed.

We want the truth always—clear-eyed, sharp-cut, marble-faced truth. We want to know the facts and realities of our position, just as they are. The mariner sails away into the lonely sea. The mystery of the unfathomed deep sways miles down beneath his passing keel. The mystery of the overarching heavens swims far above with mazy constellation and revolving sphere. Between the mystery of the sky and the mystery of the sea he steers right on, in calm and tempest confident, in night and noonday secure. For he there, on the trackless wastes that girdle in the great wide world, alone with the silence of Nature and God, *knows* the facts of his position, the realities of his place. The charts lie spread before him. Island, continent, lone scarock, hidden shoal, they are all mapped to his eye. The faithful needle points due north. The true sun rises where he always has. The faithful changeless stars look down at midnight. The truth saves him, rocked in the arms of the wild sea. The reality holds him secure. Ask him, looking out in the night up to the inky deeps and down to the dim-lighted compass before him, ask him his opinion of *a lie!* What his honest notion may be about a false light on yonder headland, a false latitude on his chart for this island or that shoal, a mistaken measurement of depth across this bay or through yonder straits! Ask him the nature and effects of *a lie* in the chart he sails by!

And we are all sailors. We want true charts. the false chart is our ruin. The false beacon on the headland is kindled by the fiends. It leads to death—a wreck-strewn sea, dashing white up the black

Nay, for us, sailors over life's, seas, sailors into eternity's dimness, the lie wears its Father's likeness. And, the liar, the man who makes a lie or helps a to success, a lie of word or deed, a lying boast merely or a bad, vile, lying system, is my enemy, your enemy, humanity's enemy. He has deserted God's army, has denied his human brotherhood so far, has gone over, soul and body, to Satan. He is God's enemy and man's thenceforward.

That, I say, is, I trust, our creed about lies and liars too. We know where the lie come from. We know whither it tends. We have made up our minds that it and all its belongings, were best swept clean away and pitched into the Big Fire. Blessed be the man, we say, who successfully kills lies! He is a man to be honored and loved, no matter how rough he is in the process. It is never very smooth business, It is not a thing that can be well done in gloves. Let us not quarrel with how the champion does it. The main end is to get the lies well choked somehow.

But the one great difficulty in the way of such a man is that so many people believe in lies. My eager young friend, Philalethes, supposes that, if he can only expose this falsehood, show up this sham, or sound the emptiness of this piece of cant or pretence, he will do the state some service, that men will thank him and call him benefactor. He does the work, and lo! to his amazement, many excellent men count him their deadly enemy.

These good souls see what he sees that lies, shams, cheats in business, in science, in politics, in religion, in social life, are often very successful and very powerful, and they come to *their* conclusion, which is not his by a great deal. He thinks the lie ought to be hated, with a hatred the more intense because of its success. They conclude that lies, in this world at least, are necessary. They have seen, with their own eyes, how powerful, venerable, lies are, and they act on their knowledge. They take the lie into sleeping partnership—Quirk and *Co.*

There are men who do not believe plain truth can walk alone in this world. She needs a pair of lies for crutches! Men will actually write and print lies for the truth's sake. Men have piously written down and copy righted lies. I have their books on my shelves for the sake of religion! They have so little faith in God, they think they must wheedle Satan over on His side, or the truth and the right will fail. It is very easy to believe in God for the other world but very hard to believe in Him for this. He will be omnipotent lord and master there, but here now in this bewildering world, in this confused and wretched time, where wrong seems so prosperous and lies so strong, is He omnipotent here? Hereaway, is not the Devil mightier. Can we get along without a little of his help?

Now lies can never end till this ends, While men think them necessary to truth in business, in politics, in social order, even in religion, they will stand. People must be got to see that they are evil, that under no circumstance can they be anything else, that there can be no alliance between truth and falsehood, th at the false thing must, in the end, be the corrupting thing, Satanic and vile utterly. They must know that just so far as anything is incorporate with a lie, so far is it foul to the nostrils of all angels, and ought to be to the nostrils of all men.

Weave a lie into your social polity. It may prosper for a while, but soon or late your social polity runs mad. Take a lie into your business, as sleeping partner, try to live and prosper in that connection, and, some time, you and your business will go to the dogs together. Adopt a lie in your religion, make up your mind, piously as you think, to believe what you do not believe and cannot believe, attempt to sanctify falsehood and lie yourself into a faith, and your sham creed and your lying religion will do you no good in this world or in the other.

Because a lie is a respectable lie, believed and patronized by respectable people, shall you respect it? Because some venerable sham has imposed its emptiness on a score of generations, shall we go on reverencing it, and pass the scarecrow and its trumpery trappings on for the reverence of our children? Shall we, for any cause, that is, turn liars ourselves, and use the tongues God gave us to speak honest truth and simple meaning with, to deceive, in small matter or great, one human brother of ours, and make him think Satan's black lie as good as the Lord's white truth?

It may be strong preaching, but how can one help it? Never yet did a truehearted, clear-headed reformer set to work to clear away some old cankering sore of falsehood from a peoples's life that he did not meet with opposition. And never yet did that opposition come from those who loved the lie for the lie's sake or the bad for the bad's sake. It came from those who love Truth, but who could not trust her, who loved Good, but had no faith in its sucess who wanted to see the right side triumph, but had no confidence in the right—who eerily believed, that is to say, that Satan was almighty and the Lord's cause could not prosper, in this world at least, without his help? s The opposition came from those who would deal gently with respectable lies, not because they are lies, but because they are respectable; who trembled before powerful lies, not because they were lies, but because they were powerful; who, seeing shams and cheats so prosperous, so venerable, so strong, got the notion into their poor cowardly hearts that they are strongest, and wanted the reformer to come humbly, cap in hand, and ask them to let a little truth live, a little modest, humble unaggressive truth—it will be very orderly very quiet, very deferential, if they, the powerful, the venerable, the respectable lies will let it stay here, in some corner, out of charity.

These are the men who, in all ages, have built barriers against heaven, the cowards, the faithless, the unbelieving. They dare not trust truth because it is truth, and good because it is good, leaving consequences with Him whose special business it is to take care of consequences. No 'tis not love for the lie, but want of faith in the truth, that blocks the chariot wheels of the golden year.

For men do not love the lie after all. There's comfort in that. They do not like being cheated. They never get quite used to it, as, they say, eels do to skinning. They sometimes turn on the man, or the system, that tries it on them, in a very savage manner, with fury as of a mad lion, and take swift, fearful vengeance. The big, dumb heart of humanity, in the long run, can be trusted. It is often imposed upon, its blind trust shamefully imposed upon, its blind trust shamefully abused. Scoundrels exist and prosper on its patience and credulity. But only for a time. There is a reckoning for all such deceptions, if need be, in blood and fire. The dull heart throbs, the dull eyes open, the great brain stirs in its sleep, and humanity, true to its origin, rises to crush the lie with its million arms of power. And earth-born Briareus, when his thousand hands turn to right his wrongs, is not delicate in their handling. The echoes of a French Revolution will ring for some generations yet.

The man who turns to combat error needs the assurance of the true instincts of his race, for he enters on a task that must seem hopeless often.

'Truth crushed to earth will rise again;'

so Mr. Bryant tells him, and he is much obliged to Mr. Bryant. But will not error do just the same? He killed a lie yesterday, and buried it decently. He finds it alive and prosperous to-day. Cut a man's head off, and he dies. There's no help for it, unless he is a St. Denis, and then he can only take a walk with his head in his hand. But, if he is not a St. Denis, he dies. That is the law. Cut the head off a lie, it does not die at all. It rather seems to enjoy the operation. You will meet it, like fifty St. Denises, on every morning walk, during your lifetime. They have a marvellous vitality. I meet lies every day that, to my certain knowledge, were put to death a hundred years ago, by master hands at the business, too. They ought, in decency at least, to look like pale ghosts 'revisiting the glimpses of the moon,' but they don't. They are snug, comfortable, and somewhat portly, as from good, solid living.

Now this is discouraging somewhat. But there is no good in shutting one's eyes to the fact. That is what I am going against. It is best to know what lies die hard. They will bear at least as many killings as a cat, and that's *nine*. Still, much depends upon the manner of the operation. How is it best performed? Knowledge is needed in all pursuits. There is a science undoubtedly in killing lies. If you wish to go into the business, and I trust most honest men do, you need to study it somewhat. Otherwise you will waste much effort, and get few results. It is not easy to kill one wolf with a stick, but, call science to your aid, and an ounce of strychnine, well administered, will do the business for a pack. Instead of going into a rough and tumble fight with some coarse, rude, vile lie, and mauling it to death by sheer force of muscle, it is better to use science and put it to death neatly, cleanly, and delicately, with unsoiled hands. Let us see if we can find the science of killing lies.

(Concluded next week.)

Seeding down with Spring Grain.

Grass stands a dry summer better when sown in autumn than in spring. Still this cannot always be done, we must sow grass seed at this season. If sown alone on spring plowed land, the soil should be well mellowed and a great abundance of seed put on. Farmers seldom use enough of seed. After sowing, light soils should be rolled, and heavy ones either bushed or let alone altogether. If sown with spring grains, there should also be a liberal quantity of seed used. For permanent meadow, the greater the number of kinds, the better. The grass seed should be sown after the grain is covered, and left upon the surface to be washed in by the rains. A light dressing of gympsum and wood-ashes is very beneficial after the grain is well up and covers the ground somewhat. —*Amer. Ag.*

To Sweeten Butter Firkins.

Before packing butter in new firkins put them out of doors in the vicinity of the well, fill them with water, and throw in a few handsful of salt. Let them stand a few days, and change the water once during that time. Butter firkins should be made of white oak, and this process effectually takes out the acid contained in that wood, and makes the firkin sweet. If the butter is well made and rightly packed, it will keep good all summer, even if the firkin be kept in store above ground. To cleanse old firkins in which butter has been packed and left exposed some time to the air, fill with sour milk and leave standing twenty four hours; then wash clean and scald with brine. This makes them good as new.

THE WHIG.

An Unconditional Union Paper.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.

SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1864

Personal—An Apology.

For the first time since we assumed control of the Whig, which was some three years ago, we are compelled to offer an apology for its non-appearance in its usual regular way. To combat evil—to openly denounce the corruptions of the day is no easy task. It is defiantly said that he who undertakes it is a fool—that to get along in this world we must take it as we find it. We do not believe in this doctrine. We pledged ourself to expose the bad men who seek to control the politics of this district, and we will maintain that pledge to the people, not regarding their success in buying up all who should be in any way connected with us in the publication of the WHIG.—During the first six months, they purchased our assistant and stole a copy of our subscription list, which enabled them to get the names of all their lackeys, who were of course compelled to stop the WHIG. And what did all this avail them? Simply nothing. It only enabled us to see that our lashes were taking good effect, and that success would certainly be ours. We, therefore, laid on harder and harder, till the people aroused and emphatically declared their chief should not even be nominated for Congress. Every township in which a contest took place declared against him.

Cheered with this success, we laid on with renewed vigor, till the people saw the treachery of our cotemporary the *"Register,"* the organ of these men, and withdrew their support from it, till it was compelled to change its tune, and now we are pleased to say it has come clean over on the side of the right, and is weekly exposing the corruptionists and their inordinate aspirations.

After this apparent complete overthrow of these bad men, we had firmly stacked our arms, under the firm belief that they would endeavor to change their course in life and attempt to establish a character before asking the people again to elect their chief to Congress. But in this it seems we were totally mistaken. Their downright impudence and assurance is only equalled by their late threat to again devide the party if they do not succeed in getting more plunder. Sixty thousand dollars in three short years in the State Senate, seems to be only a start in business for them.

But we must write to the present point. We will merely give a short statement of the facts for the present, promising to be more extended in our remarks hereafter.

In our absence their chief came to town, and formed his first acquaintance with our foreman—a man to whom he never before condescended to speak, doubtless not seeing any way that he could be of use to him. But now the time of the nominations being near at hand, he saw his weak virtues, and the scheme was all neatly arranged—the conspiracy was complete. We had the polite alternative offered us of giving them the WHIG or the Foreman would quit at once without any further notice to us.

Well, as so many nicely arranged conspiracies against the WHIG had heretofore failed, this one also had to fail, so far as its support of the corruptionists were concerned, at least. But unfortunately for our friends and patrons they so far succeeded as to prevent us from issuing the WHIG for want of help. To do this they had to secure the services of some lackeys about the office of the *Pittsburg Gazette.*

If such men can succeed in getting to Congress through such means then indeed may we have cause to lament the state of of our country.

We will see that our subscribers do not lose by paying for papers not printed, but they must thank the greatest political knave that ever disgraced our district for depriving them of the pleasure of reading it. We are now fully supplied with hands and hope to again send forth the WHIG every week.

The Gold Question.

If any new argument, says the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, was wanting to induce Congress to pass a law punishing speculations in gold, the fabulous price to which that article has been pushed in the New York market, affords the justification. Nothing more criminally injurious to the country, than the spirit of speculation now rife in the large commercial cities, was ever devised. A few speculators, drunken and crazed with the lust of gain, are actually rushing the country to hopeless ruin, while the great mass are either perilling their lives or sacrificing their comfort for the general good. Mr. Thaddeus Stevens proposes to put an end to all this species of robbery by punishing the perpetrators the same as the highwayman is made to suffer.

One thing is very certain: Congress must either devise means to put an end to this speculation, or that body must furnish material to feed and clothe the poor, as some of our officers supplied the poor of the South. Under the influences of the New York and Philadelphia speculators, the laborer and the mechanics, the great consuming masses of the nation, are now being shamefully robbed. We can see no difference between the crime of speculating in the necessaries of the people and the crime of treason; while the wretch who would grind the face of the poor to put money in his pocket would also guillotine his Government to add a temporary notoriety to his name.

The War.

From the conflicting reports of the battle on the Red river it is impossible to form a correct opinion of the result. It is probable that the Union forces were defeated, but unlikely that the rebel advantage was decisive. A Cairo telegram states, upon the authority of letters from officers with the expedition, that, after Smith was defeated Franklin turned the day against the enemy. We trust this may be found true, but no one has reason to be surprised or disheartened by news of a repulse in Northwestern Louisiana. Victory there would indeed be great gain, but it does not follow that defeat would be great loss for this capital reason—the rebels stake is much greater than our own.

The war is in Virginia, and all defeats or successes out of that State are but secondary. There are the main armies, and there will be the great battle. No triumphs elsewhere, now that we hold the Mississippi, could compensate the country for the defeat of the army of the Potomac in the Spring of 1864; no victory at present possible in the West could prevent the sudden fall of the rebellion if General Grant should break its power in the East. Every man that the enemy could detach from points not threatened by our arms has doubtless been hurried up to the reinforcement of Lee, and we know that the whole weight of the war now rests upon the Army of the Potomac. If this mighty host enters Richmond, even if it fights a battle every day for months to do it, all failures elsewhere will be redeemed, and all other successes made comparatively insignificant. Until that great campaign is decided, elation and depression are equally unwise.—*Press.*

From the Watchman and Reflector.

OUR HEROES.

We saw them go. Noble men! Brave, self-sacrificing! We saw them come up, rank, after rank, prompt, steady, and firm. Rank after rank, they went by—no manlier, braver men in all our proud land, and our eyes were wet, and our hearts swolen within us, as we bade them "God speed, God cheer and bless you!" They were *our* soldiers; *ours*,—our country's; to stand for us, to die for us. What soldiery like them? Freemen, going forth in their might for freedom's sake; each man a ruler, and a sovereign; ruler and sovereign in his look and bearing. There were our fathers, husbands, sons and brothers; our lovers; those whom we loved better than life, going forth so unselfishly to hardship, to suffering; mayhap to imprisonment, to maiming, to death. But we did not hold them back. "God speed!" we cried amid our tears and heart breaking. The drums beat gaily, the banners waived triumphantly, and they passed on away from us; the last line beyond our straining gaze. Gone! gone! God help us now as well as them! Gone!

And we look whither they went, and ask, "Will they come back as they went?"

Nay. Never more these same strong, unthinned ranks will march with waving banners before us. A company bearing their gallant name may long hence return for our welcome cheer and blessing, but we shall miss them, Oh, so many! We may know the new ranks only by the valor and spirit bequeathed and descended to them from those who have passed away.

And not one will come back as he went. Some have come back. You have seen them—bronzed, wan, wrinkled, scarred, but handsomer in our eyes for such bronzing, wrinkling, and scars. Some have come back maimed, crippled; the light, free step forever gone; the strong, agile limbs shattered and torn away. Come thus, our heroes! So come back to us!—No bold march can stir our hearts as stirs that uneaven step that ungraceful cruch. No shoulder-strap like that armless sleeve! Honor to you, our crippled and maimed, our knighted ones, our legion of honor, wearing the badge forever! None need tell what you have done—we know it.—No chronicler need tell us you were brave. You have won the meed of bravery. Are not brave souls always scarred, lopped? if not in limb, in heart, in tender ties.

Some have come back to us only to die, and to give us one more chance to prove our love and devotion to them. They came for our last assurance; our last kiss and the long farewell. They came to be shrouded and coffined by the tender hands of love. Heart-breaking this! But even so come back, our loved ones! The light from your dying eyes kindles new fire and strength. The clasp of your dying hand is a new baptism. Let those icy lips lie long on the glowing cheek of love. They hallow as they press. They consecrate the life that hangs upon them.

Others still come back. Veil your faces. Bow your heads as you lift your hearts for strength. It is the dead who come; the the cold still dead borne on men's shoulders. Oh, they are not ours; they cannot be our loved ones. They were so strong; so full of life. They left us in such pride and glory. How could they die? We cannot take that frozen clay in place of our warm hearted loved ones. Yet we must, for it is all. And lift the head too! Look, and let waiting cease! See the blood clot on the hair; the powder-burn on the brow; the big, generous breast so bullet torn! Thanks, great God? Evermore thanks! It is our dead, it is our beloved! Who else could so have died—gloriously, face to face, shrinking not, yielding not, glad to die for liberty. Bend yet again before the dead! Again veil the face, for they are martyr dead! So let them come, our loved ones! Bear them slowly, carefully, reverently, through the land they died for! They ennoble us they pass.—Bend yet again before the dead! Again veil the face for they are martyr dead! So let them come, our loved ones! Bear they slowly, carefully, reverently through the land they died for! They ennoble as they pass. Sacred shall be the spot where they have been. So let them come for burial with us! Wind the banner under which they have died around their cefins, and let the funeral drum sound through our streets as they are borne along, for so a solemn hush will come over men's souls, making them better, self-consecrate for these new witnesses of self-consecration? So let them come! Let their ashes make more sacred our burial grounds! We would sleep our last sweet sleep beside them—we would mingle our poor dust with theirs.

And some will never come back, in life or death. The hearts that wait for them shall wait in vain. The eyes that watch are dim with watching, but they will not come. List! hear ye not the old music? the loud footfall like his will never make music for your ears again. But faint not! bear on bravely! Be worthy of your hero! Walk firmly, proudly, as ye walk alone! Mourn not for those who come not back, or if ye cannot do otherwise, then mourn since the noble are gone, the beautiful departed, the excellent laid low; triumph as ye mourn, since they fell for country and for freedom, a sacred, priceless heritage. They sleep where they fell. Fit resting place! Their tomb a battle-field. Ye may not guard their dust, but a nation guards it. Ye may not shed a tear upon their graves, but millions of those for whom they died will bedew them with grateful tears. Generations yet unborn will visit them with reverent spirits, as they recall their deeds of glory and of might. Let this assuage your grief, even if they do not come back.

Some will come back with new life and strength, hardened for new toils; heroic for fresh conflicts with wrong; better, worthier men than they went forth; gentler, tenderer, more appreciative in their homes; larger minded, more unselfish, and generous, and Christ like in their whole lives.

Others will come back—will come back. Better they had fallen in fight than so come back. Far better mourn the dead whom ye may honor, than the living who are your shame. May God in mercy grant, dear reader, that these may not be the object of your love, the idols around which your soul has twined only to be chilled and blasted in their heart-felt shadows. P. H. P.

Clover Sown on Winter Grain.

When the frost is fairly out of the ground and the soil is left light and porous, the seed of clover may be sown. If a light fall of snow can be taken advantage of, this is best, for the seed may be seen, and the uniformity of the east regulated. A few days after sowing, roll dry soil—that is after the snow is off, and of course when no frost remains, and when cattle can go upon the ground. It both benefits the grain and covers the seed. Sixteen pounds of seed to the acre is not too much on a clayey loam.—*American Agricultur.*

The gold gamblers last week succeeded one day in running up the premium to 88, but it immediately fell 12 per cent. On the strength of this gambling, the prices of groceries and other necessaries of life were considerably advanced. The prevailing sentiment against speculators of all kinds seems to be a wish they may be totally ruined, be compelled to spend the remainder of their days in the poor house, and be buried like criminals.

On Monday last three regiments of colored troops paraded the streets of Baltimore, amid cheers and waving of handkerchiefs. Just three years ago our white soldiers going to the defence of the capital were stoned, clubbed and shot at by Jeff. Davis's bleached 'niggers' of that city!

DR. WISHART'S

PINE TREE

TAR CORDIAL

IS THE VITAL PRINCIPLE OF THE

PINE TREE,

Obtained by a peculiar process in the distillation of the tar, by which its highest medical properties are retained.

Have you a Cough? Have you Sore Throat? Have you any of the premonitory symptoms of that most fatal disease, Consumption?

Those who should be warned by these symptoms generally think lightly of them until it is too late. From this fact, perhaps more than any other, arises the sad prevalence and fatality of disease which sweeps to the grave at least one-sixth of death's victims.

Consumption has destroyed more of the human family than any other disease, and the best physicians for many years have despaired of a cure, or a remedy that would heal the lungs, but for more than two hundred years the whole medical world has been impressed that there was a mysterious power and efficiency in the Pine Tree Tar to heal the lungs; therefore they have recommended the use of Tar Water, which in many cases had a good effect; but how to combine the medical properties so as to heal the lungs, has ever been a mystery untilit was discovered by Dr. L. Q. C. WISHART, of Philadelphia, Pa., the proprietor of "Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial."

Many, not only of the people, but physicians of every school and practice, are daily asking me, "What is the principle or cause of your success in the treatment of Pulmonary Consumption?" My answer is this:

The invigoration of the digestive organs—the strengthening of the debilitated system—the purification and enrichment of the blood, must expel from the system the corruption which scrofula breeds. While this is effected by the powerful alterative (changing from disease to health) properties of the Tar Cordial, its healing and renovating principle is also acting upon the irritated surfaces of the lungs and throat, penetrating to each diseased part, relieving pain, subduing inflamation, and restoring a healthful tendency. Let this two-fold power, the healing and the strengthening, continue to act in conjunction with Nature's constant recuperative tendency, and the patient is saved, if he has not too long delayed a resort to the means of cure.

I ask all to read the following certificates. They are from men and women of unquestionable worth and reputation:

DR WIRHART—Dear Sir:—I had a very dreadful cough and sore throat for one year, and my whole system was fast giving way, and I was prostrated on my bed with but little hope of recovering. My disease baffled the power of all medicines, and in a short time I must have gone to my grave, but thank God, my daughter-in-law would not rest until she went to your store, No. 10 N. Second street, and related my case to you; purchased one bottle of your Pine Tree Tar Cordial and 1 commenced to use it, and in one week I was much better, and after using three bottles I am perfectly well, and a wonder to all my friends, for they all pronounced me past cure. Publish my case if you think proper.

REBECCA HAMILTON.
No. 1321 Wylie street, Phila.

Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial is an infalliable cure for Bronchitis, Bleeding of the Lungs, Sore Throat and Breast, Inflammation of the Lungs.

Mr. WARD says:

DR. WISHART—Sir:—I had Bronchitis, Inflammation of the Lungs, Shortness of Breath, and Palpitation of the Heart in their worst forms; I had been treated by several of the most eminent physicians in Philadelphia, but they could not stop the rapid course of my disease, and I had despaired of ever being restored to health. I was truly on the verge of the grave. Your Pine Tree Tar Cordial was highly recommended to me by a friend; I tried it, and am thankful to say that, after using four large, and one small, bottles, I was restored to perfect health. You can give reference to my house, No. 968 N. Second street, or at my office of Receiver of Taxes, from 9 a. m. to 2 p. m., corner of Chesnut and Sixth street.

JOHN WARD.

Read the following from Utica:

DR. WISHART—Dear Sir:—I take pleasure in informing you through this source that your Pine Tree Tar Cordial, which was recommended for my daughter by Dr. J. A. Hall, of this city, has cured her of a cough of more than five months' standing. I had thought her beyond cure, and had employed the best of medical aid without any benefit. I can cheerfully recommend it to the public as a safe and sure remedy for those similarly afflicted, as I know of many other cases beside that of my daughter that it has entirely cured of long standing coughs. Yours respectfully.

J. V. PARKER, Daguerrean Artist,
126 Genessee st, Utica, N. Y.

* * * :—I have used Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial in my family, and can cordially recommend it as a valuable and safe medicine for colds, coughs and to those predisposed to consumption.

Dr. G. A. FOSTER, 160 Genessee street,
Utica, New York.

The above are a few among the thousands which this great remedy has saved from an untimely grave.

We have thousands of letters from physicians and druggists who have prescribed and sold the Tar Cordial, saying that they have never used or sold a medicine which gave such universal satisfaction.

The Tar Cordial, when taken in connection with Dr. Wishart's Dyspepsia Pills, is an infallible cure for Dyspepsia.

The Pine Tree Tar Cordial, will cure Coughs, Sore Throat and Breast, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Diptheria, and is also an excellent remedy for diseases of the kidneys and female complaints.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

The genuine has the name of the proprietor and a pine tree blown in the bottle. All others are spurious imitations.

Price Fifty Cents and One Dollar per bottle. Prepared only by the Proprietor.

Dr. L. Q. C. Wishart,
No. 10 North Second St., Phila.

Sold by Druggists everywhere, at Wholesale by all Philadelphia and New York Wholesale Druggists. March 26.-1yr.

"Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial is the only safe and reliable remedy which has ever been prepared from the juices of the pine tree."

* * * "Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial has given evidence in thousands cases of its power to cure in Consumption of the Lungs, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, and eruptions on any part of the body.

* * * Those who are troubled with throat and lung diseases, cannot do better than get a bottle of Dr Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial, and use it according to directions."

* * * "We believe that one dollar spent for Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial will do more to purify the blood and cure scrofulous sores than ten dollars on any other remedy."

* * * "The weak stomach is rapidly invigorated and the appetite restored by Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial."

* * * "Dr. Wishart,s Pine Tree Tar Cordial does its work at once, and the patient is immediately relieved and cured."

☞ Don't fail to read the next column.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas and Levari Facias and Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, of Blair co., and to me directed, I will expose to public sale or outcry, at the Court House, in the borough of Hollidaysburg, on

Monday, the 25th day of April, 1864,

at 1 o'clock p. m. of said day, the following described real estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of Elizabeth Stiffler and James Stiffler in and to all that certain 1½ story log house, together with the ground whereon the same is erected, situate in Juniata township, Blair county, bounded by lands of William Shaw, Michael McIntosh, Samuel Shaw and others.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Elizabeth Stiffler and James Stiffler.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of George W. Exler, in and to all that certain tract of land, situate and lying on the east of the Brush Mountain, in Frankstown township, Blair co., containing sixty-nine acres, more or less, and bounded by lands of Jonathan Stitzler, Joseph Kemp, Peter Lanahan and others, it being purpart No. 1 in the partition of the real estate of John Exler, dec'd., and having thereon erected a log dwelling house and bank barn.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George W. Exler.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of Joseph R. Higgins in and to all those certain two lots of ground, situate in the town of Williamsburg, Blair co., fronting each fifty feet on the south side of Plumb street and extending back 175 feet to an alley, said lots being numbered 32 and 33 in the plan of said town, having thereon erected a two story brick dwelling house, a frame stable and other improvements.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Joseph R. Higgins.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of Absalom Singer, in and to all that certain piece of ground or lots of ground, situate in the Greensburgh part of the borough of Altoona, Blair county, being lots No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 on Mulberry st., and fronting on the North West side of said Mulberry st. fifty feet each and extending back one hundred and twenty feet to an alley and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house house and a frame stable

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Absalom Singer.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of Jesse Wingate, in and to all that certain lot and half lot of ground situate on the southwest corner of Montgomery and Mulberry streets in the borough of Hollidaysburg, Blair county, fronting ninety (90) feet on Mulberry street and extending back along Montgomery street 180 feet to Strawberry alley, being the eastern half of lot No. 17 and the whole of lot No. 18 in the old town plot of said borough, and having thereon erected a large two story brick tavern house, a frame stable and ice house and other buildings.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Jesse Wingate.

ALSO,

All the right, title and interest of Maty Kahoe, deceased, in and to all that certain lot of ground, situate in the borough of Hollidaysburg, Blair county, being parts of lots No. 115 and No. 116 in the plan of said borough, fronting 70 feet 4½ inches on Montgomery street and 86 feet and 9 inches on Mulberry street and extending back from Mulberry street 58 feet and from thence in a direct line to Montgomery stoeet, it being the same property sold by William Williams, jr., to Mary Kahoe, and having thereon erected a two-story frame building, occupied as a dwelling house and a lager beer saloon, and two small frame buildings attached to the above named dwelling.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Mary Kahoe, dec'd.

All of the above described property will be knocked down to the highest bidder, on Monday the 25th day of April, 1864. SAM'L McCAMANT, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Hollidaysburg, April 4, 1864.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

To all Creditors, Legatees & others interested.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the following Accounts have been passed and filed in the Register's Office, at Hollidaysburg, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Blair county for confirmation and allowance, on Wednesday, the 27th day of April next, at which time and place you may attend if you see proper, to wit:

1. The Account of Adam Moses, one of the Administrators of the estate of John Hite, late of Greenfield township Blair county, deceased.
2. The Account of Adam Focht, and J. H. Focht, Administrators of the estate of George Focht, late of Woodberry township, Blair county, deceased.
3. The Account of James Gavin, Administrator of the estate of Bernard Gavin, late of Altoona, Blair co., dec'd.
4. The Account of Jacob Fries, acting Administrator of the estate of John Fries, late of Allegheny township, Blair county, deceased.
5. The Account of George B. Dilling, Administrator of the estate of John Foltz, late of Huston township, Blair county, deceased.
6. The Account of George L. Cowen, Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Elizabeth Hanely, late of Taylor township, Blair county, deceased.
7. The Final Account of Alexander Ale, jr., and David A. Domer, Administrators of the estate of Alexander Ale, Sr., late of Antis tp., Blair co., dec'd.
8. The Final Account of John H. Stiffler, Administrator, *cum testamento annexo*, of the estate of Jonathan Neff, late of Logan township, Blair county, deceased.
9. The Account of Wilbur F. Martin, Administrator of the estate of Robert L. Martin, late of Tyrone borough, Blair county, deceased.
10. The Account of John D. Stewart, Administrator of the estate of Jesse S. Stewart, late of Tyrone Borough, Blair county, deceased.
11. The Account of John H. Clapper, Administrator of the estate of Henry Clapper, late of Huston township, Blair county, deceased.
12. The Account of J. Walter, Administrator of the estate of David Walter, late of Greenfield township, Blair co., deceased.
13. The Final Account of Andrew Stoner and David L. Keagy, Administrators of the estate of Abraham Stoner, late of North Woodberry township, Blair county, deceased.
14. The Account of Daniel F. Beegle, dec'd, Guardian of the minor children of Jacob Morgan, dec'd, filed by William S. Beegle, Executor of the estate of the said Daniel F. Beegle, dec'd.
15. The Final Account of John Skyles, Esq., Administrator of the estate of Cristina Smith, late of Huston township, Blair county, dec'd.
16. The account of David M. Riddle, Executor of the last Will and Testament of John Begley, late of Blair township, Blair county, deceased.

H. A. CALDWELL, Register.

Register's Office, Hollidaysburg, March 23, 1864.

NOTICE.—The following named persons have filed petitions for License in the Clerk's Office, to be presented to the Court at next Term, commencing on Monday, the 25th day of April next, to wit:

Patrick Grimes,	Tavern,	Altoona.
Woods & Johnston,	"	"
Bernard Wissell,	"	"
O. P. & A. F. Orr,	"	"
Ellen Fritchey,	Wholesale,	"
John F. Bowman,	Tavern,	"
George Randolph,	"	"
Richard McClain,	"	"
Philip Dempsey,	"	"
Wm. Lykens,	"	"
John G. Ritter,	"	"
Caroline Shank,	"	"
Jacob Alleman,	"	"
Wm K Leonard	"	"
Barney Kurtz	"	"
John Stahl	"	"
John Ehringer	"	"
Joseph Berkowitz	"	"
David R. Christian,	Tavern,	Hollidaysburg.
Geo. W. Dannals	"	"
Daniel K Ramey	"	"
Wm. Williams	"	"
Daniel Beatty	"	"
John McClure,	"	"
Christian Seegar	"	Tyrone bor.
Israel Miller	"	"
John R. Herd	"	"
Jonas Stetter	"	"
Lewis Giebel,	"	"
Thomas Mays,	"	"
James McFarland,	Wholesale	"
Wm. Kellerman,	Tavern,	Gaysport.
Wm F Bridenthal	"	Martinsburg.
James C Shoemaker	"	"
John R. Vaughn	"	Allegheny tp.
David Secrist	"	"
Benj. Fink	"	Blair.
H Ingraham	"	"
Landon Reeves	"	"
A. Shultz	"	"
Perry G. Trout,	Freedom	"
Andrew Adams	"	"
Herman P. Kephart	"	"
Geo. L. Koon	Frankstown	"
Paul Mauk	Greenfield	"
Jacob Weyandt	"	"
J. J. Boyer	Snyder	"
Henry L. Miller	"	"
R. T. Briggs	Woodberry	"
R W Martin	"	"

April 4, '64. A. S. MORROW, Clerk.

HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH PA R. R.

Schedule of Arrivals and Departures.

TRAIN LEAVES HOLLIDAYSBURG—

At 7·00 A. M., connecting with Express Trains West and Fast Mail Train East·

" 10. 45 A. M., connecting with Through Accommodation Train East.

" 7. 10 P. M., connecting with Mail. Train Westward.

RETURNING:

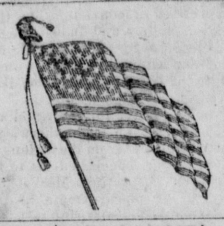
LEAVES ALTOONA—

At 8. 40 A. M., or on departure of Express Trains West and Fast Mail Train East.

" 11. 40 A. M., or on departure of Through Accommodation Train East.

" 7. 55 P. M., or on departure of Mail Train Westward.

OUR FLAG FOREVER.



Forever float that standard sheet!
Where breathes the foe but falls before us?
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,
And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

THE WHIG.

$5,000,000 were subscribed to the 10-40 loan on Monday.

Glad to hear it—That a leading New York stock gambler has failed.

Moore, who killed Marbourg at Johnstown some months since has been unconditionally pardoned.

The Supreme Court of Ohio has decided that the law allowing soldiers to vote is constitutional.

Hon. Isaac Newton, the indefatigable principal of the Agricultural Department, will accept our thanks for a variety of garden seeds.

A special Synod of the Lutheran Church assembled at Lewistown this week for the purpose of ordaining Rev. Mr. Rice as a missionary to benighted Africa.

The President, in a noble speech at Baltimore on Monday, declared that if the murder of our troops at Fort Pillow can be substantiated, he will mete out a just retribution.

IN TOWN.—Sergt. Muffly, of Co. M, 62d P. V., and Kinney Buoy, of the 107th P. V. The latter has re-enlisted for another term of three years. They are both brave and gallant veterans.

Implements on many farms are depreciated more by exposure than by use. Rust is the enemy of iron, and soaking and drying will warp and open, or weaken the firmest woodwork.

Paymaster Wiley publishes a list of the times and places appointed for the payment of the militia, called out by the President in September, 1862. This announcement will receive the attention of all the men interested.

THE President has approved the bill authorizing the Secretary of War to take and hold possession, in behalf of the United States of America, of the land and shores of Rock Island, Illinois, on which to build an arsenal. Just compensation is to be made to the private owners.

GODEY'S LADY BOOK.—Ever rich in every thing that pertains to a ladies magazine—welcome as a visitor to every centre table—Godey, for May, pleases all, old and young, grave and gay, married and single, male and female, and it would not be Godey if it didn't. Price, $3.00.

"OLD ABE" IN TOWN'—We are not yet able to announce the precise time when this renowned dignatary will honor own town with his presence; neither can we imagine what his motive would be in coming at all, unless it would be to recruit his health, and buy a bran new suit of clothes at the unequaled clothing store of J. Ballenberg.

THE new two-cent piece which has been recommended for the sanction of Congress resembles, as much as anything can, gold coin. On one side there is a wreath of wheat, in the centre of which is stamped "2 cents," and around which are the words "United States of America." On the other side there is a shield of liberty, bearing the words "God our trust."

The *Standard* asks, 'When is the draft to come off?' Surely no one can answer this question better than Mr. Hall himself. As he wanted his name stricken off the enrolment even after the last draft was made, stating that he was going West, he will certainly be posted on that point. We also think he can answer the other questions satisfactorily, as he assumes to be posted on all these points.

INCOME.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that parties who paid the $300 commutation, are not entitled to deduct it as expenses in ascertaining the amount of their taxable income.

Meeting of Presbytery.

THE Presbytery of Huntington met at Bellefonte, Pa., on Tuesday the 12th inst. Rev. Mr. White, of Milroy. a retired Moderator, preached a serm on from that beautiful text, "The Lord reigneth," after which the meeting was opened for the transaction of business. Twenty-eight ministers and twenty-seven elders were in attendance. The following are the present officers. G. W. Zahniser, Moderator; D. H. Barron, Rec. Secretary; and W. B. McKee, Reading Clerk. The pastoral relation existing between the Rev. W. A. Hooper and the congregation of Tyrone and Birmingham was dissolved. The Rev. John Moore of Williamsburg, gave notice of his intention to resign his charge, at the adjourned meeting in June next. The Rev. R. M. Wallace accepted a call to the church of Altoona, and arrangements were made for his installation. The Rev. W. B. McKee accepted a call from the united congregations of Bald Eagle and Port Matilda, and arrangements were made for his installation. Rev. Orr Lawson and Rev. R. B. Moore were appointed the principal commissioners, Rev. J. B. Strain and Rev. W. A. Hooper their alternates, and Hon. Samuel Linn of Bellefonte and Hon. James Parker of Lewistown, Lay Delegates, to the next General Assembly, which is to meet in the city of Newark, N. J. on Thursday the 19th day of May, 1064. On Wednesday morning Rev. Mr. Barron of Hollidaysburg, preached the usual Missionery sermon from John x, 16, "And other sheep I have which are not of this fold, them also must I bring, and they shall hear my voice, and there shall be one fold and one shepherd." At the close of the sessions, the Rev. James Linn, D. D. who has been a member of the Presbytery for more than fifty years, at the request of the Moderator, briefly addressed the Presbytery in an affectionate and touching manner. He congratulated the brethren for their great cordiality, and expressed his gratification in being once more permitted to meet with them, and after mentioning the names of some of his former co-Presbyters, who preceded him in their passage to another world, amongst which was prominently the name of the late Dr. Woods, he intimated and manifestly felt that it was in all probability the last time he would constitute one of their number. After his remarks, he closed with an affectionate and impressive prayer, when the Presbyterian was dissolved, to meet at Philipsburg in June. Its next regular session will assemble at Shirleysburg early in October, and the Philadelphia Synod of the Presbyterian church, comprising seven Presbyteries and perhaps 200 members, will meet at Lewistown the third week in October.

Spring Plowing.

The labors of seed time always crowd the farmer, so the earlier the plow begins the better. On soils of a sandy and porous character plowing may best be done as soon as the frost is out of the ground. Where clay preponderates, or in soils rich in humus, the action of the sun is needed for several days. It is very bad to plow clay ground too wet, and all that surface and under-drains can accomplish will not do away with the necessity of the drying northwest winds and clear weather "looked for about these days." Thorough draining often makes a difference of weeks and even months in the time the land is fit for the plow. In plowing sward for spring grain, turn it flat and deep, so that the harrow or seed drill will not disturb it. If manure is to be plowed under on old ground, bury it with a shallow furrow, just deep enough to keep the strawy portions out of the way. Very strawy manure on land to be sowed with wheat, rye, or barley, may well be spread in the furrows behind the plow, where very nice work is to be done. When land needs liming—and before a crop of wheat, a dressing of lime is of great service; sow the lime before plowing, rather than to be subsequently harrowed in. Though on ground rather cold and full of vegetable mold it is well to plow under say 15 to 20 bushels of lime to the acre, and top-dress with 8 or 10 bushels afterwards.

Back-furrowing is practiced by many good farmers to prevent the accumulation of a mass of rich soil around the fences. This is done by marking out the lands, of course as large as possible, and throwing a couple of light furrows together through the centre and then plowing right about, around them. If the first turned furrows do not go to the end of the field, at the proper time the plowman may begin to plow across the end of the land also. When the right calculations are made the field may be left with dead furrows, except where it may be necessary to have two or more lands in the same field. This, where the land admits flat culture requires no dead furrows or ridges.—*Amer. Ag*

Call for a Republican National Convention to Meet at Baltimore on the Seventh of June.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 22

The National Union Committee met at the residence of Hon. Edward D. Morgan at noon to-day, and was called to order by that gentleman as its chairman.

The Hon. Edward McPherson, of Pennsylvania, was elected Secretary of the Committee in place of Hon. George G. Fogg, of New Hampshire, who is absent from the country.

Upon consultation, a call was unanimously adopted for a national convention in the following terms:

"The undersigned, who, by original appointment or subsequent designation to fill vacancies, constitute the executive committee created by the National Convention held at Chicago on the 16th day of May, 1860, do hereby call upon all qualified voters, who desire the unconditional maintenance of the Union, the supremacy of the Constitution and the complete suppression of the rebellion, with the cause thereof, by vigorous war and all apt and efficient means, to send delegates to a Convention to assemble in Baltimore on Tuesday the 7th day of June, 1864, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of presenting candidates for the offices of President and Vice President of the United Ltates. Each State having a representation in Congress will be entitled to as many delegates as shall be equal to twice the number of electors to which such State is entitled in the Electoral College of the United States."

A resolution was also adopted, inviting the Territories and the District of Columbia to send delegates, subject to the determination by the Convention of their right to vote.

The Committee agreed to meet again at the call of the chairman. The members present were as follows:

Edward D. Morgan, N. Y., chairman.
Chas J. Gilman, Maine.
Lawrence Brainerd, Vermont.
John B. Goodrich, Massachusetts.
Thos. G. Turner, Rhode Island.
Gideon Welles, Connecticut.
Denning Duer, New Jersey.
Edward McPherson, Pennsylvania.
Nathaniel B. Smithers, Delaware.
James F. Wagner, Maryland.
Thos. Spooner, Ohio.
Henry S. Lane, Indiana.
Ebenezer Reck, Illinois.
H. M. Hoxie, Iowa.
W. S. Washburne, Minnesota.
Cornelius Cole, California.
O. H. Irish, Nebraska.
Joseph Gerhardt, District of Columbia.

The committee was entirely harmonious in their proceedings, and adjourned in the best possible spirits.

MARRIED.

On Sunday evening, April 24th, at the residence of L. F. Butler, M. D., by the Rev. Jos. Fichtner, WM. E. HALL, M. D. to Miss Sarah A. Kepheart, all of East Freedom, Blair Co., Pa.

At Williamsburg, on the 11th inst., by the Rev. John Moore, Mr. J. W. HUGUS, of Fort Kearney, Nebraska Territory, to Miss ANNETTA O. REESE, of the former place.

At Lutheran Parsonage, by Rev. D. Shindler, Thursday April 14th, Mr. BENJAMIN OTTO, of Altoona, to Miss MARY BLACK, of Eldorado.

On the 29th ult., at the residence of the bride's father, in Newton Hamilton, by Rev. J. H. McGarrah, Mr. WM. MCEWAN, of Lewistown, and Miss ARABELLA MORRISON.

On the 21st of March last, by Cornelius Lowe, Esq., Mr. DAVID H. YODER, Sergeant 1st Maryland Cavalry, formerly of Gaysport, Blair county, to Miss CATHARINE E. NIEL, of West Mahoning township, Indiana county Pa.

Good for Sergt. Yoder. We wish him and his fair bride all the joys and the many blessings usually following the married life. As he has captured one Belle, we hope soon to hear of his capturing many re-bels. Long may the happy couple wave.

DIED.

Very suddenly, at Bell's Mills, on Thursday the 17th of April, Mrs Elizabeth Bell, wife of John Bell, aged about 60 years.

Hoyt's Hiawatha Hair Restorative.

The standard staple preparation for the hair, WARRANTED in all cases to restore faded and gray hair, and whiskers, in their original color. It does not claim to make the hair grow in where it has once fallen out; nothing will do that whatever may be advertised to the contrary, but it WILL prevent it from falling out, make it soft and silky, cleanse it and the scalp from impurities and humors, and entirely overcome bad effects of previous use of preparations containing sulpher, sugar of lead, &c. It requires no soaping, washing, and hours for its application, nor will it stain the skin, but is as easily applied and wiped from the skin as any hair dressing. It restores the natural shading of one hair with another, which gives it a lively appearance instead of the dull uniform black of dyes.

HOYT'S IMPERIAL COLORING CREAM.—Superior to any Hair Dressing in use. Oils and Colors the Hair at the same time. Changes light and red hair to a beautiful brown or black. Sold everywhere.

JOSEPH HOYT & CO.
3-15-4-14] No. 10 University Place. N. Y.

HOLLIDAYSBURG MARKETS.

PRICES PAID BY DEALERS.

Hollidaysburg, April 22.

Family Flour, per bbl,	$6,75
Extra " "	6,50
Superfine,	6,00
White wheat per bushel,	$1,45
Red " "	1,35
Rye per bushel,	1,25
Corn per bushel, new,	1,20
Oats per bushel,	55
Barley per bushel,	1,25
Potatoes per bushel,	75
Cloverseed per bushel,	7,00
Timothy Seed per bushel,	2,25
Flax Seed per bushel,	2,50
Hay per ton,	25,00
Butter per pound,	35
Eggs per dozen,	18

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

April 23.

FLOUR—	
Superfine	$7 00
Extra	7 25
Extra Family	8 25
Rye Flour	5 00
WHEAT—	
Red	1 68@
White	1 80@
RYE—	1 40
CORN,	1 31
OATS,	88

NEW YORK, April 21.

Flour declined 5c; sales 5,000 bbls. at $7 20 for State, $8 05 for Ohio, and $8 25 for Southern. Wheat quiet; Chicago Spring $1 75, red $1 82. Corn buoyant. Whiskey dull at $1 12. Gold $1 67¼.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WASHINGTON, April 14th 1864.

On the petition of Joseph Hollen of Blair County, Pa., praying for the extension of a patent granted to him on the 16th day of July, 1850, for an improvement in knitting machines for seven years from the expiration of said patent, which takes place on the Sixteenth day of July 1864.

It is ordered that the said petition be heard at the Patent Office on Monday the 27th day of June next at 12 o'clock M., and all persons are notified to appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition ought not to be granted.

Persons opposing the extention are required to file in the Patent Office their objections specially set forth in writing, at least twenty days before the day of hearing; all testimony filed by either party to be used at the said hearing must be taken and transmitted in accordance with the rules of the office, which will be furnished on application.

The testimony in the case will be closed on the 13th day of June next; depositions and other testimony must be filed on or before the morning of that day; the arguments, if any within ten days thereafter. Ordered, also, that this notice be published in the Chronicle Washington D. C. and Blair County Whig, Hollidaysburg. Pa., once a week for three successive weeks; the first of said publications to be at least sixty days previous to the day of hearing.

D. P. HOLLOWAY.
Commissioner of Patents.

April 23d '64.

MILLINERY,

MRS. ANN BELL, Milliner, Allegheny street, has just returned from Philadelphia and New York, where she laid in an entirely New Stock of Millinery Goods, consisting of the latest

SPRING & SUMMER STYLES,

BONNETS, HATS, CLOAKS,

Embroideries, Hosiery & Gloves,
Guipon Laces & Edgings.
Trimmings, Handkerchiefs,
Flowers, Rushes Skirts.

FANCY GOODS

And all other articles in that line of business, which will be sold cheap for cash.

April 23, '64—tf,

J. M. HEWIT

IS AGAIN opening a full and complete assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Consisting of the latest styles of

DRESS GOODS & SHAWLS,
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS AND SHOES,
UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS,

GROCERIES, WALL PAPER, &c.

All of which are offered at the lowest cash price.

April 23, 1864.

WALL PAPER

OF THE

Very Latest Styles,

JUST RECEIVED AT

CHAMBERLIN'S

Price from TEN CENTS per bolt upward.

March 19.-tf.

NEW FIRM.

COOPER, BLACKBURN & PORTER.

THE undersigned give notice that they have this day entered into Copartnership for the purpose of

Mining and Shipping Coal,

AND

GENERAL MERCHANDISING,

and are now prepared to fill all orders at the lowest possible rates.

JAS. M. COOPER,
JOS. H. BLACKBURN,
C. HOWARD PORTER.

Hollidaysburg, Feb. 3, 1864.-tf

FARM TO LET.—I will rent a farm of one hundred acres, with the improvements, orchard, &c., including a saw mill, situate on Mill Run, two and a half miles west of Altoona.

ALSO—I will sell 800 acres of the land adjoining it, in lots of 50 or 100 acres, to suit purchasers, on easy terms.

Nov 4, 1863. JOHN BROTHERLINE.

J. F. FREUAUFF,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law

and

Licensed Government Claim & Pension Agent.

BUSINESS attended to in the FRENCH, GERMAN or ENGLISH Languages.—Having corresponding Attorneys in all parts of Europe and the United States, especial attention will be given to the collection of Inheritances and Debts. Office Allegheny Street, Hollidaysburg. Blair county, Penn'a.

Oct. 31, 1863.-tf.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

DISEASES of the Nervous, Seminal, Urinary and Sexual Systems—new and reliable treatment——in reports of the Howard Association—Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address, Dr. J. Skillin Houghton, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. feb20.

C. A. McFARLAND & CO., (Successors to Wm. McFarland & Son) Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of Cabinet Furniture. Also, a large assortment of Ready-made Coffins always kept on hand, of different kinds and prices, cheaper than ever before offered in this place. Persons ordering Coffins from a distance will please say the kind and price.

Hollidaysburg, May 23, 1863.

JOHN DEAN, Attorney at Law, Hollidaysburg, Pa. [March 7, 1863.

AUG. S. LANDIS, Attorney at Law, Hollidaysburg, Pa. Dec. 5th, 1863

PROCLAMATION.—Whereas by precept to the Sheriff of Blair county directed, dated at Hollidaysburg, the 26th of Jan'y Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred & sixty four, under the hands and seals of the Hon. Geo. Taylor President of the Court of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery of the 24th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of the counties of Huntingdon, Blair and Cambria, and the Honorables Samuel Dean and Adam Moses his associates, Judges of the county of Blair, justices assigned, appointed to hear, try and determine all and every indictment and presentments, made or taken for or concerning all crimes, which by the laws of the State are made capital, or felonies of death, and other offences, crimes and misdemeanors, which have been or shall be committed or perpetrated within said county, or all persons who are or shall hereafter be committed for crimes aforesaid—I am commanded to make

PUBLIC PROCLAMATION

throughout my whole bailiwick that a Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of the Peace will be held at the Court House in the Borough of Hollidaysburg, on the

Fourth Monday (25*th* day) *of April*, 1864, and those who will prosecute the said prisoners, be then there to prosecute them as it shall be just; and that all justices of the Peace, Coroner and Constables within the said county, be there in their proper persons, at 11 o'clock A. M. of said day, with their inquisitions, examinations and remembrances, to do those things which to their offices respectively appertain.

Dated at Hollidaysburg, the 6th day of April A. D., 1864, and the 86th year of American Independendence. SAM'L M'CAMANT, Sheriff.

From the Democratic Standard.]

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following named Inventories of the goods and chattels, selected and appraised agreeably to the 5th section of the Act of the 14th of April, A. D. 1851, and of the 1st section of the Act of the 8th of April, A. D. 1859, setting apart goods, chattels, &c., to the amount of *Three Hundred Dollars* for the use of the widows and families of decedents—have been filed in the Register's Office of Blair county, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of said county, for approval, on Wednesday, the 27th day of April next, to wit:

1. The Inventory of goods and chattels, selected, set apart, and appraised for the use of the widow and family of George R. Snively, late of Woodberry tp., Blair co., dec'd.

2. The Inventory of the goods and chattels, selected, set apart and appraised for the use of the widow and family of David Nicodemus, late of North Woodberry township, Blair county, deceased.

3. The Inventory of the goods and chattels, selected, set apart and appraised for the use of the widow and family of Samuel McGlathery, late of Logan township, Blair county, deceased.

4. The Inventory of the goods and chattels, selected, set apart and appraised for the use of the widow and family of Thomas Shaw, late of Antis tp., Blair county, deceased.

5. The Inventory of the goods and chattels, selected, set apart and appraised for the use of the widow and family of David Markey, jr., late of Frankstown tp., Blair co., dec'd.

6. The Inventory of the goods and chattels, selected, set apart and appraised for the use of the widow and family of Louis H. Williams, late of Hollidaysburg, Blair co., dec'd.

7. The Inventory of the goods and chattels, selected, set apart and appraised for the use of the widow and family of John Walker, late of Allegheny tp., Blair co., dec'd.

H. A. CALDWELL, Register.

Register's Office, Hollidaysburg, March 23, 1864.

Trial List for April Term, 1864

FIRST WEEK.

George W Graham vs Fox & Strouse.
Elmira Ritchie vs John Stroup
A Patterson vs Wm R Pomeroy et al.
Joseph Dysart's use vs B O'Friel's Heirs
John D Davis vs John Dougherty (Transportor)
G McCamant's heirs vs John Bell
D Good's use vs D Watson et al.
Dan'l K Reamy vs W W Jackson
E B Isett vs John Walters Exrs.
Daniel Shannon vs George Wehn.
Samuel W Rhodes admr vs Penna R R Co
Miles & Dorris vs Jos. Jones' admrs.
William Kellerman vs S S Barr
G L Lloyd vs H McIntosh

SECOND WEEK.

Com'th for use of Deeter vs J N Deeter et al.
John Bell vs Samuel Milliken et al.
H Y Brady vs Jos K Ely.
Peter Campbell vs Same
Porter, Milliken & Co. vs Lorenz & Loomer
Same vs Lorenz, Wingard & Co.
Thomas Kinsel vs Philip Hoover
J M Kinsel vs Benj. Nugent
William Anstice vs Geo W Stewart
John Ebling's admr vs R D Cummings
John Burger vs Jacob B Bowser
Wm Vaughn vs Jno Devlin et al
Altoona Fairview Cemetery Asso'n. vs J Keugh's adm.
R B Johnston vs Elliott & Miller
Robert Potter vs William Green
Patrick Kelly for use vs Louis Plack
John Neff's adm vs Thomas Mays
Jos Jones admr vs Seth R McCune
William Lykens vs Hugh McNeal
John Wilkins vs Conrad & Reed
David K. Ramey vs Adam Wolf
E J Bollinger's use vs Daniel K Ramey
Jos Higgins for use vs Same
Michael McCabe vs Fiester, Reeve & Co.
Rody Brady vs James Morgan
H L Patterson's use vs Louis Plack
Jacob Bollinger's use vs H T Coffey

[march30-1864.] A. S. MORROW, Prot'y.

PROCLAMATION.—Whereas by precept to the Sheriff of Blair county directed, by the Judges of the Common Pleas of the county of Blair, bearing test the 26th day of Jan'y, A. D. 1864, I am commanded to make

PUBLIC PROCLAMATION,

throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Common Pleas will be held at the Court House in the Borough of Hollidaysburg, in the county of Blair, on the

First Monday (2*d day*) *of May*, 1864,

for the trial of all issues in said Court, which remain undetermined before the said Judges; when and where all Jurors, witnesses and suitors, in the trial of all said issues are required to attend.

Dated at Hollidaysburg, the 6th day of Jan'y A. D. 1864, and in the 86th year of American Independence. SAM'L M'CAMANT, Sheriff.

Real Estate at Public Sale.

THERE will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, in Freedom township, Blair county, on **Friday, 1st of April next**, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the valuable tract of land known as the OLD SMITH FARM, containing about 159 acres, 125 of which are in a good state of cultivation, and the balance well timbered; 20 acres of it is excellent meadow, and 15 acres is well suited for the culture of grapes. There are on the farm two streams of running water, which are never dry; a good well of water at the door of the house, and a spring and spring house. There is erected thereon a good two-story

LOG HOUSE, A LARGE BANK BARN, A BLACKSMITH SHOP,

Carpenter Shop, two Wagon Sheds, and other outbuildings.

TERMS OF SALE—One third on confirmation of sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments, with interest to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage of purchaser.

JACOB F. SMITH.

Duncansville, Pa., March 26.-ts.

ATTENTION FARMERS.—I offer for sale about six hundred acres of wood land in the Mill Run Gap, at the foot of the Allegheny Mountain 1½ miles above Baker's Furnace. I would ask the attention of the farmers in this neighborhood who need rail timber, as this is perhaps the only lot of timber for sale convenient to them. Call immediately on the undersigned, if you wish a bargain.

JOHN BROTHERLINE.

Caution.

THE Subscriber having purchased the interest of John Hays, in the firm of John Hays & Son, in the Tanning business in Hollidaysburg, offers it for sale, and hereby cautions all persons against paying any money due the said firm to any person whatever, without written authority to do so from the undersigned. JOHN BROTHERLINE.

Nov. 7, 1863.

JOB WORK.

ALL kinds of JOB WORK, Handbills, Cards, &c., &c., neatly done at this office on short notice.

TREASURER'S SALE

of Unseated Lands in Blair County.

Whereas by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "an act to amend an act directing the mode of selling unseated lands for taxes," passed 13th March, 1815, and the other acts upon the subject, the Treasurers of the several counties within this Commonwealth are directed to commence on the 2d Monday in June, in the year 1816, and the expiration of every two years thereafter, and adjourn from day to day, if it be necessary so to do, and make public sale of the whole or any part of such tracts of unseated lands, situate in the proper county, as will pay the arrearages of the taxes which shall have remained due and unpaid for one year before, together with all costs necessarily accruing by reason of such delinquency, &c. I Jas. H. Cramer, Treasurer of the county of Blair, do therefore hereby give notice that upon the following tracts of unseated land, situate as herein described, the several sums are the arrearages of the taxes respectively due and unpaid for one year; and that in pursuance of the direction of the aforesaid act of Assembly, I shall on Monday, the 13th day of June next, at the Court House, in the Borough of Hollidaysburg, commence the public sale of the whole or any part of such tracts of unseated lands, upon which all or any part of the taxes herein specified shall be due, and continue such sales by adjournment until all the tracts upon which the taxes remain due and unpaid, be sold.

JAS. H. CRAMER,
Treasurer of Blair county.

Treasurer Office, April 1st, 1864.

Antis Township.

Acs.	Per.	Own. or war.	Tax.
433	183	Jesse Kelly	$10 80
433	163	Pat Kelly	3 34
433	163	Mart Wills	4 36
433	163	M Weight or White	4 62
433	163	Mart Dull	8 21
433		M Black	8 12
433		M Stroud	5 40
433	163	Hen Black	5 92
399	40	Jno Moyers	3 21
182	104	Jas Burns	1 49
132		Alx McHatten	1 04
401	53	Jno Leong	3 30

Acs.	Per.	Own. or war.	Tax.
433		Pat White	3 57
433		Jesse Such	23 00
197		Thos Wilson	9 29
217		Jos Black	4 83
73		Jos Bush	1 44
433		H Boreland	9 72
433		P Williams	19 44
19		M Bush	39
433		D Turner	19 44
267		Pat Such	6 43
299	75	J Coffey	3 22
433	183	Jesse Stroud	3 43
433	163	Pat Wolf	10 22

Allegheny Township.

400		L Black	11 40
400		D Black	11 40
383		P Herris	19 80
450		A Herris	7 63
400		W Herris	19 20
399		W Hawrum	11 40
363	58	T Bell	10 31
374	67	V Bell	10 63
303	48	W Bell	12 54
46	50	D Bell	11 31

438	75	J Dilworth	21 67
400		Jno Smith	10 40
438		Wm Jacobs	11 36
379		D Lewis	11 42
449	10	M Kunkle	22 30
399	98	M Bowen and	
		V Lewis	10 29
400		J Montgomery	6 40
400		J McDougle	11 20

Frankstown Township.

202		M Kern	13 59
438	84	Jno Shade	8 88
200		E Shade	9 49
437	7	J Kalsdder	16 29
486	112	Jacob Russ or	

460		Buss	20 63
460		B Darns and	
		M Wallace	13 20
202	24	G Conrad	5 44
405	65	J Coffey	14 68

Greenfield Township.

440		P Benson	23 09
440		G Beeham	26 83
200		J Confer	20 35
50		S Cartright	3 05
383		J George	22 83
400		J Heyden	24 83
30		A Bittle	80
440		J Chalkley	21 84
434		J Knotts	26 41
432		G Swift	16 28
438		A Scott	12 84
10		Pat Storm	17
438		J Swift	26 67
50		B Stroup, Freedom tp.	3 00

300		P Stine	10 86
400		G Lingenfelter	24 92
438		A Whitmore	16 76
121		E Shoenberger	1 88
69	39	I or Jno L Pickes	2 36
100		Wm. Erwin	12 39
82		P Shoenberger	5 03
379		"	20 30
298		"	19 55
411		J Swaggard	21 99
30		C Imler	4 28
400		J W Duncan	20 40
266		"	9 06

Huston Township.

36		J McCoy	1 69
205		G Shaffer	9 31

200		J Deck	8 68

Juniata Township.

440		W Gray	26 83
440		J Galbraith	26 83
40		M Grabill	5 50
387		J Matthias	30 69
387		M John	39 75
437		B Jacobs	39 01
220		McConnell's heirs & Cassidy	3 63

400		W Proctor	17 85
400		G B Spang 60-61-62	11 00
400		G B Spang	6 60
800		Spang & Cassidy	39 90
158		B Wilson	15 78
409	115	Saml Sill	23 50

Logan Township.

50		H Wolf	38
126		Jos Davis	1 03
350		P Davis	2 89

200		Paul White	2 75
100		P Rex	88

Tyrone Township.

12		Caleb Evens	17
400		R Murray	4 95
441		W Dysart	5 44

142		Jas Gray or Gregg	8 54

The following Real estate upon which personal property cannot be found sufficient to pay the taxes returned by the several collectors is charged with the taxes thereon assessed for the years 1859—60—1861—62 and will be sold as unseated lands in pursuance of the directions of the 41st section of the act of assembly entitled an act to reduce the State debt and to incorporate the Pennsylvania Canal & Railroad company. Approved the 20th day of April 1844 at the same time and places as above to wit:—

Huston Township.

Acres	War. or Owners.		
210	E H Lytle, Daniel Kern	$16	36
179	Val Santee	14	17
191	John Santee	14	83
206	Mich Santee	7	97
206	Jacob Herring	21	43
210	Peter Herring	21	78
212	David Shaffer	22	06
202	Sarah Levi	20	95
208	Margret Levi	21	65
206	Adam Levi	21	37
209	Abm Levi	21	76
206	Han'h Herring	21	52
197	Fred Herring	20	51
182	Jacob Hillegas	18	94
200	Philip Westo	20	85
205	George Shaffer	21	37

Acres	War. or Owners.		
206	Mich Shaffer	21	43
311	Philip Wager	102	36
404	David Evans	83	74
462	Geo Roberts	101	45
424	Adam Foulke	33	17
440	A Krum or Kuhn	96	60
413	R Ewing or Ewin	75	25
440	John Dunwoody	96	57
368	Fred Beatty	81	83
357	John Singer	81	75
435	H Beatty or Bates	95	56
132	C Rhodes	28	74
200	Conrad Herrng	16	05
74	Jno Shoneberger	4	22
200	Henry Smith	8	96
30	J & F Brumbaugh	3	61
24	John McCoy	2	60

Frankstown Township.

120	Royer & Co L Hartzelle	9	90
		20	
144	G Hartzelle	2	28
235	Jos Hartzelle	2	84
177	Isaac Hartzelle	3	08
122	James Hartzelle	4	14
400	Jos Hunter	6	00
102	Jno J Patterson	6	93
184	Val Santee	6	86
205	Daniel Keem	8	53

200	R Knight	8	58
200	part P Knight	10	58
434	Philip Wager	9	07
70	P Shoenberger	2	81
223	John Santee	5	74
404	David Evans	9	19
430	T B Moore's Estate	2	30
193	part R Knight	225	
186	Philip Knight	4	96
481	S R Adams	8	84

Antis Township.

300	Isreal Caldwell	16	35
423	Kemp & Holliday	10	04
170	S H Bell	3	57
433	Martin Boreland	1	08
433	Patrick Rex	1	08
200	Morris Such		28

433	Jesse White	1	08
28	J P Anderson or Carson	3	38
438	A Whitmore	16	76
121	E Shoenberger	1	88
39	I or Jno L Pickes	2	36
100	Wm. Erwin	12	39
82	P Shoenberger	5	03
379	"	20	30
298	"	19	55
411	J Swaggard	21	99
30	C Imler	4	28
400	J W Duncan	20	40
266	"	9	06

Tyrone Township

416	John K McCahen	67	12
449	Jacob Wood	3	57

424	Robert Stewart	3	56

Allegheny Township

650	A R R & C Co	322	50
534	Han'h Fuller & R H Smith	6	92
400	John L Ingraham	5	20

670	2 trs A P Wilson	21	96
1	Lot Geo Meyers	2	89
1	Lot M Sweeney	2	09

Blair Township.

400	Daniel Keutler	13	60
150	Daniel McRoberts	5	10

150	Thos McCune	5	10
80	Wm Harnish	1	28

Taylor Township.

70	J M Duncan Spang tract	3	36
4	Teeter "	18

DIRECTORY.

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR THE WHIG.

UNITED STATES OFFICERS.

	Salary.
ABRAHAM LINCOLN of Ill Pres.	$25,000
HANIBAL HAMLIN of Maine Vice Pres.	" 8,000

THE CABINET.

Wm M. Seward, of N. Y, Sec. of State.	8,000
Salmom P Chase, of Ohio Sec of the Treas	8,000
E. P. Usher, of Ind. Sec. of the Interior	8,000
Gideon Welles, of Con. Sec. of the Navy	8,000
E. M. Stanton, of Pa. Secretary of War.	8000
E. Bates, of Missouri, Attorney General	8000
Montgomery Blair, of Md. P. Master Gen.	8000

THE JUDICIARY.

SUPRE E COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Roger B. Taney, of Md. Chief Justice;			6,000
J. M. Wayne, of Geo. Associate Justice			6,000
J. Carton, of Tenn.	"	"	6,000
S. Nelson, of N. Y.	"	"	6,000
R. C. Grier, of Penn.	"	"	6,000
N. Clifford, of Maine,	"	"	6,000
John Miller of Iowa	"	"	6,000
Swayne, of Ohio,	"	"	6,000
Davis, Ill.	"	"	6,000
Field,	"	"	6,000

The Supreme Court is held at washington.—It has but one session annually, which commences on the first Monday in December.

—CIRCUIT COURTS.—The United States are divided into ten Judicial Circuits in each of which a CircuitCourt is held semi-annually by a Justice of the supreme court and the District Judge of the State or District in which the court sits.

STATE OFFICERS.

Governor, Andrew G. Curtin of Centre co.
Secretary of the Commonwealth, Eli Slifer.
Attorney General, Wm, A. Meredith, of Phila.
Adjutant General, E. M. Biddle.
Auditor General, Isaac Slenker,
Surveyor General. James P. Barr,
State Treasurer, James A McGrath of Phil.
Supt. of Common Schools, Charles Coburn, of Bradford co:

THE JUDICIARY.

Chief Justice, George W. Woodward,
Associate Justices, James Thompson, William Strong, John M. Read. Daniel Agnew.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

President Judge, Hon. Geo. Taylor, (of HUNTINGDON county.)
Associates, Samuel Dean and Adam Moses.
Prothonotary, A. S. Morrow.
Sheriff, Samuel McCamant.
Register and Recorder, H. A. Caldwell.
County Treasurer, James H. Cramer.
District Attorney, J. H. Keatley.
County Commissioners, James M. Kinkead Daniel Shock, and Geo. W. Hewit.
Clerk to Co. Commissioners, Joseph Baldrige
Directors of Poor, Samuel Jones, David Aurandt and J. S. Nicodemus.
Steward of Poor House. Obed E. Crissman.
Mercantile Appraiser,
County Auditors, David Henshey, Alex, Knox. and Geo. W. Reed.
County Surveyor, Henry C. Nicodemus.
Coronor. James A. Freeman.
Supt of Common Schools, J. G. Counsman,

BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Justices of the Peace, John Gorley and Geo. B. Bowers.
Burgess, Thomas McFarlane,
Town Council, A Vowinkle, Joseph Reed, A. F. Osterloh, Jesse Wingate, and Joseph Baldrige, and David Watson.
Clerk to Town Council, Joseph Isenberg,
Borough Treasurer, A. S. Landis.
Weigh Master, John M'Clure.
Constable, Geo. W. Russ.
High Constable, A. P. Baker.
School Directors, S. Calvin. J. D. Rea. John Cresswell, Thad Banks, Samuel Barr, and Thomas McFarlane.

POST OFFICES IN BLAIR CO.

Post Offices.	*Post Masters.*
Altoona.	G. W. Patton,
Antistown,	B. F. Bell,
Arch Spring,	Thomas S. Isett,
Bruce,	D. Aurandt,
Canoe Creek,	D. W, Brown,
Duncansville,	Mrs. McCabe,
East Sharpsburg,	J. Hoover,
East Freedom,	John P. Kephart,
Eldorado,	J. J. Canan,
Frankstown,	James McGeehan
Fostoria,	J Kemp
Hollidaysburg,	James Bingham;
Martinsburg,	J. G. Herbst,
Newry,	Landon Reives,
Olivia,	S. B. Ewing,
Sabbath Rest,	W. F. Sellers,
Sarah,	Paul Mauk,
Sinking Valley,	D. P. Tussey,
Spangs Mills,	J. F. Spang,
Springfield Furnace,	
Tipton,	W, P. Dysart,
Tyrone,	J. S, Plummer,
Williamsburg,	J. W, Spencer,
Yellow Springs,	Samuel J. Fox,

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.

JESSE WINGATE, Proprietor.
October 25, 1861.

TERMS.

The WHIG is published every Saturday morning, at $2 per annum; if paid in advance, $1,-50 will be accepted for one year. $1 for six months.

☞ No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid. A failure to notify discontinuance at the end of the time subscribed for will be considered a new engagement.

☞ Postmasters neglecting to notify us when subscribers do not take out their papers will be held liable for the subscription.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	One insertion.	Two do.	Three do
6 lines or less.	$0 25	$0 37½	$0 50
1 square (12 lines.)	0 50	0 75	1 00
2 squares (24 lines.)	1 00	1 50	2 00
3 squares (36 lines,)	1 50	2 25	3 00
	3 months.	6 do.	12 do
6 lines or less,	$1 50	$3 00	$5 00
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3 squares, (36 lines)	5 00	8 00	12 00
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Half a column,	10 00	14 00	20 00
One column,	15 00	22 00	35 00

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☞ No reports, resolutions or proceedings of any corporation, society, association, and no communication designed to call attention to any matter of limited or individual interest can be inserted unless paid for as an advertisement.

☞ Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid, and charged according to these terms.

LEGAL NOTICES.—Auditor's Notices, $2.00; Administrator's and Executor's, 2.50; Estrays $2.00. All other Legal Notices $2, per square for 3 insertions, and longer time at same rate.

Business notices 10 cents per line: each subsequent insertion, 5 cents per line. Obituary notices Exceeding six lines, 10 cents.

DYSPEPSIA,

AND

Diseases resulting from

Disorders of the Liver and Digestive Organs,

ARE CURED BY

Dr. Hoofland's GERMAN BITTERS.

THE GREAT STRENGTHINING

TONIC,

These bitters hove performed more cures; have and do give better satisfaction; have more testimony; have more respectable people to vouch for them, than any other article in the market. We defy any one to contradict this assertion, and will pay

$1000

To any one that will produce a Certificate published by us, that is not GENUINE.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

will cure every case of

Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and Diseases arising from a disordered Stomach.

Observe the following Symptoms: resulting from Disorders of the Digestive organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the sight, Fever and Dull pain in the Head

Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flashes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression Spirits,

REMEMBER,

THAT THIS BITTERS IS

Not Alcoholic,

CONTAINS NO RUM OR WHISKEY

And can't make Drunkards,

BUT

IS THE BEST TONIC IN THE WORLD.

☞ READ WHO SAYS SO:

From the Rev. Levi G. Beck, Pastor of the Baptist Church, Pemberton, N. J, formerly of the North Baptist Curch, Philadelphie. * *

I have known Hoofland's German Bitters favorably for a number of years. I have used them in my own family, and have been so pleased with their effects that I was induced to recommend them to many others, and know that they have operated in a strikingly beneficial manner. I take great pleasure in thus publicly proclaiming this fact, and calling the attention of those afflicted with the diseases for which they are recommended, to these Bitters, knowing from experience that my recommendation will be sustained. I do this more cheerfully as Hoofland's Bitters is intended to benefit the afflicted, and is "not a rum drink."

Yours truly, LEVI G. BECK.

From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religous Knowledge, and Christian Cronicle, Philadelphia.

Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, through distrust of their ingredients and effects, I yet know of no sufficient reasons why a man may not testify to the benefits he believes himself to have received from any simple preparation, in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

I do this the more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this city because I was prejudiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an alcoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend, Robert Shoemaker, Esq', for the removal of this prejudice by proper tests, and for encouragement to try them when suffering from great and long continued debility. The use of three bottles of these bitters at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six months before, and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank God and my friend for directing me to the use of them. J. NEWTON BROWN, PHILADA.

From the Rev. Jos. H. Kennard, Pastor of the 10th Baptist Curch.

Dr. Jackson:—Dear Sir:—I have been frequently requested to connect my name with commendations of different kinds of medicines but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances, and particularly in my family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that; for general debility of the system and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation. In some cases it may fail: but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above cause,

Yours, very respectfully,
J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth below Coates St., Philada.

PRICES.

Large Size (holding nearly double quantity,) $1 00 per Bottle—half doz. $5 00

Small Size—
75 cents per Bottle—half doz $4 00

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

See that the signature of 'C. M. JACKSON,' is on the wrapper of each bottle.

Should your nearest druggist not have the article, do not be put off by any of the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us, and we will forward, securely packed, by express.

Principal Office and Manufactory, No. 631 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

JONES & EVANS,
(Successors to C. M. JACKSON & Co.,
Proprietors.

For sale by Druggists and Dealers in every town in the United States. July 4, 1863.

Bryant & Stratton's Chain of National Mercantile Colleges.

LOCATED IN
PHILADELPHIA,
S. E. Cor. of 7th & Chestnut sts.,
New York City, Brooklyn, Albany, Troy, Buffalo, Detroit, Cleveland, Chicago & St. Louis.

BOOK-KEEPING, Penmanship, Commercial Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Forms, Correspondence, &c., practically taught.

These Colleges being under the same general and local management, and uniting in each the advantages of all, offer greater facilities for imparting instruction than any other similar institutions in the country.

A Scholarship issued by any one is good in all for an unlimited time.

The Philadelphia College has been recently enlarged and refurnished in a superior manner, and is now the largest and most prosperous Commercial Institution in the State.

Bryant & Stratton's series of Text Books, embracing Book-keeping, Commercial Arithmetic, and Commercial Law, for sale, and sent by mail.

☞ For full particulars send for a circular. Address, STRATTON, BRYANT & Co., 2-9-3-8. Philadelphia.

Tyrone Marble Works.

ALL KINDS of CEMETERY and FURNITURE work done to order, such as

GRAVE STONES,
TOMBS,
COUCHES and
MONUMENTS,
CENTRE TABLES,
WASHSTANDS and
BUREAU TOPS, of the best American and Italian Marbles, and in plain or fancy styles.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.
JNO. H. PATTERSON,
Logan st., Tyrone, nearly opposite the National Hotel. 2-15-3-14

BLAIR COUNTY

MARBLE YARD.

THE subscriber informs his old friends and the public in general that he still continues to carry on the *Marble Business*, in all its various branches, at the old stand, corner of Allegheny and Front streets, where he is prepared to furnish,

Headstones, Tombs, MONUMENTS, TABLE TOPS,
MANTLES, &c., &c.,

in a neat and workmanlike manner on short notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

The public are respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am confident that my work and prices will satisfy any person desiring any thing in my line of business. Now is the time to get a cheap job.

JOHN FREEMAN.
Hollidaysburg, Nov. 29, 1861.

COAL AND LUMBER LANDS.

WE have several thousand acres of very valuable Coal and Lumber lands in this county for sale. Any person desiring them will be furnished with full particulars. Persons wishing to purchase would do well by calling on JOHN BROTHERLINE.
Hollidaysburg, Nov. 4, 1863.

BLANKS FOR SOLDIERS.

AT great expense and trouble we have got up (to accommodate Lawyers and others in this and the adjoining counties) all the Blanks necessary to procure, First:

BLANK FORMS FOR
$100 Bounty and Back Pay;
Invalid Pensions;
Widows' Pensions;
Minor Children's Pensions;
Mothers' Pensions;
Sisters' Pensions.

They are beautifully printed on fine, strong paper, with marginal notes, and full printed instructions on the back of each, showing how they should be filled up in each case.

All orders accompanied with $1 or more, cash, will receive prompt attention. These Blanks are exactly in conformity with the new regulations of Government, and are approved by the Departments at Washington.

THE EDITOR.

Groceries for the Million!

IF YOU WANT FINE FRESH
FAMILY GROCERIES,
Provisions, Wood and Willow Ware,
TOBACCOS AND SEGARS,
Go To
FUNK'S NEW GROCERY,

On Allegheny st., in the room recently occupied by Olmus & Sons, Hollidaysburg, where you will find one of the largest, freshest and

BEST SELECTED STOCKS,

For family use to be found in the town. Strict attention having been paid to the wants of this community in making his purchases, every article in the line can be found upon his shelves.

Pickles, Spices, Preserved Fruits, Dried Fruits, and a general assortment of

COUNTRY PRODUCE

Always on hand. When in search of Fresh and Cheap Family Groceries, be sure to call on JAMES FUNK.
Hollidaysburg, April 18, 1863—tf.

FARMS FOR THE POOR MAN.

The subscriber offers at private sale, the balance of his lands in "THE KETTLE," near Altoona, at $5 per acre, payable in twenty years or less, with interest. He will sell any number of acres the purchaser may desire.—The soil is very good—scarcely second to the best in Blair county.

JOHN BROTHERLINE.
Hollidaysburg, Nov. 4th, 1863.

Grist Mill and Farm for Sale.

WE know of a good Grist Mill in Cambria county, with 150 acres of land, for sale It is a good site for a Woolen Factory having water power, &c.

Also—A small farm of 70 acres, near the town of Loretto.

Also—100 acres in one tract, and 40 acres in another, both improved, within two miles of Loretto. Inquire at this office.
April 18, 1863:3m*.

BLAIR COUNTY MUTUAL PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY will insure property of all descriptions as cheaply as any other safe company. This company has been in operation fourteen years, during which time it has insured property to the amount of one million four hundred thousand, yet its affairs have been managed with so much safety and economy that but six assessments have been laid on Premium Notes in the 14 years. For an insurance of one thousand dollars for that time the average expense per year has been $2; as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other mutual company.

OFFICERS—President, Thad Banks; Vice President, R. A. McMurtrie; Secretary, J. F. Fracauff.

AGENTS—Jas. Purse, J. P. Johnston, John Lloyd, Altoona. 1—25

Duff's College.

Fifth street, Pittsburg, Pa.

FOUNDED IN 1840.

Incorporated by Legislative Charter.
Being the only COMMERCIAL COLLEGE in the Union conducted by a

PRACTICAL MERCHANT.

OVER SIX THOUSAND STUDENTS have been educated in the Principles and Practice of all the details of a business education from DUFF'S system of

Mercantile Book-Keeping.

Awarded four Silver Medals, and sanctioned by special Committees of the American Institute and the Chamber of Commerce, New York. Also, DUFF'S

Steamboat Book-Ke ping.

"A perfect system for such books and accounts." Also, DUFF'S new system of

Railroad Book-Keeping.

After the form of the Pennsylvania Railroad Also, DUFF'S new system of

Private Bank Book-Keeping.

The only one in use in the city. The above systems of accounts are all taught under the daily supervision of the author, and, it is believed, to a degree of perfection never attained elsewhere.

12 FIRST PREMIUMS

for best Business and Ornamental Penmanship awarded our present Penman by the

United States Fair at Cincinnati in	1860
Penna. State Fair at Wyoming	1860
Western Penna. Fair at Pittsburgh	1860
and the Ohio State Fair at Cleveland	1862

all of which are exhibited at our office.

FORTY DOLLARS

Pays for our full graduating course. $4,50 for stationery and blanks of fine extra size paper, including Harper's edition of Duff's Book-keeping, Others charge $8 and $10 for blanks with an old system of Bookkeeping containing only one set of Books.

Harpers Enlarged Edition of Duff's Book-Keeping,
Price $1,87. Sold by Booksellers generally.

For full particulars send for our elegant new Circular pp. 68, and samples of our Penman's Business and Ornamental Writing, enclosing 25c. to P. DUFF & SON, Principals.
April 18, 1863:1y.

No More Fluid Lamp Explosions.

DAY & CO.'

KEROSENE OIL BURNERS

APPLIED to the common Fluid Lamp, adapt it for burning Kerosene Oil, without smoke, and without a chimney, at ONE-FOURTH THE COST OF FLUID.

AGENTS WANTED.

A sample dozen mailed, post-paid, on receipt of 60 cents in stamps, by
DAY & CO, Newark, N. J.
March 14, 1863—1y.

COAL LANDS For Sale.—I offer at private sale a very valuable tract of coal land situate on the Allegheny Mountain, adjoining the Tunnel coal mines, on the South, Bennington lands on the East, Hutchison & Co.'s coal mines on the North, warranted in the name of Timothy Lewis, and containing 418 acres.

This land is very desirable to any person wishing to go into the coal business, as it asounds in excellent Bituminous coal, and is near the Pennsylvania Railroad.—It will be sold cheap.
Nov. 4, 1863. JOHN BROTHERLINE.

FOR SALE.—We have a judgment against one JOE PARKS, an Engineer, running an Engine over the Allegheny mountain from Altoona, for the Pennsylvania Railroad company, which we will sell very cheap. It is for the rent of a dwelling house occupied by the said Joseph and family last winter, in Altoona, from which they removed without our knowledge or consent. JOE is getting big wages, and if willing and can be found, is abundantly able to pay. It ought to sell for a good price, but he will dispose of it cheap

JOHN BROTHERLINE.

"THE MATTHEWS FARM."

I OFFER at private sale 52 acres of land situate near Coleman's Mill, in Logan township, below Altoona, on which are erected a good log house and stable and other improvements. About twenty acres cleared and under fence, a good spring of water at the door, a good meadow, &c. It is known as the "Matthews Farm." JOHN BROTHERLINE.
Nov. 1, 1863.

Caution.

THE Subscriber having purchased the interest of John Hays, in the firm of John Hays & Son, in the Tanning business in Hollidaysburg, offers it for sale, and hereby cautions all persons against paying any money due the said firm to any person whatever, without written authority to do so from the undersigned. JOHN BROTHERLINE.
Nov. 7, 1863.

JOB WORK.

ALL kinds of JOB WORK, Handbills, Cards, &c., &c., neatly done at this office on short notice.

The Saturday Evening Post,

"The Oldest and Best of the Weeklies."

The Proprietors of THE SATURDAY EVENING POST—which paper is now in its Forty-Third Year!—would simply announce in their Prospectus for 1864, that they design maintaining for their weekly the high character it has already acquired as A FIRST CLASS LITERARY PAPER!

They have reason to believe that the stories of Mrs. Wood, author of "East Lynne," &c.; Miss Braddon, author of "Elnor's Victory," &c.; Marion Harland, author of "Alone," &c.; Miss Virginia F. Townsend, and numerous other excellent writers, have been generally regarded as possessing the greatest merit and the most absorbing interest; and they design procuring for the POST in the future as in the past, the best Stories, Sketches, and other Literary Novelties, which they can possibly obtain. They have commenced, in the first paper of January, a New Novel called

OSWALD CRAY, By Mrs. Wood,

Author of "East Lynne," "Verner's Pride," &c. This novel will be about the length of "East Lynne," and will be printed from the advance sheets expressly forwarded to them by Mrs. Wood from England.

In addition to the Stories written expressly for the POST, its Editor also strives to lay before its readers the best Stories from the English Periodicals. And gives, in addition to the Tales and Sketches, more or less Agricultural Matter, with a Riddle, Receipt, News, and Market Departments every week.

A SEWING MACHINE GRATIS!

We will give to any person sending thirty subscriptions to the Post and Sixty Dollars, one of Wheeler & Wilson's Celebrated Sewing Machines, such as they sell for Forty-Five Dollars. The Machines will be selected new at the manufactory in New York, boxed, and forwarded free of cost, with the exception of freight.

TERMS.—Two Dollars a year; Two copies, $3; Four copies, $6; Eight copies (and one gratis), $12.—One copy of the POST and one of the LADY'S FRIEND, $3.

Address DEACON & PETERSON,
No. 319 Walnut St, Phila.

☞ Specimen numbers of the POST sent gratis.

Quaker City Business College

N. E. Corner of Tenth and Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF
L. FAIRBANKS, A. M.,

for the last four years Principal and chief business manager of BRYANT & STRATTON'S Commercial College.

A MODEL BUSINESS COLLEGE,

Conducted on a new system of Actual Business Training, through the establishment of legitimate Offices and Counting-Houses, representing different departments of Trade and Commerce, and a regular Bank of Deposit and Issue, giving the student all the advantages of actual practice, and qualifying him in the shortest possible time and most effective manner for the various duties and employments of business life.

The Course of instruction in the Theoretical Department embraces Book-keeping, Commercial Calculations, Lectures on Business Affairs, Penmanship, Commercial Law, Forms, Correspondence, &c.

In the

BUSINESS DEPARTMENT

the student enters upon the Graduting Course, which includes a continuation in the above studies, with their practical application in all their details. He will in turn fill the position of Accountant and Proprietor in the various Departments of Wholesale and Retail Trade, Forwarding, Jobbing and Commission Business, Banking, Manufacturing, Mining, Steam boating, &c, and finally will act as Cashier, Book-keeper and Teller in the Bank, in each of which positions his previous knowledge will be put to the fullest practical test.

This Institution offers to young men numerous advantages not possessed by any other commercial college in the State. It is complete in all its appointments. It is the only Institution in the State conducted on actual business principles. The course of instruction is unsurpassed, and may be completed in about one half the time usually spent in other institutions, in consequence of an entirley new arrangement, and the adoption of the new practical system.

Diplomas awarded upon the completion of the Commercial Course, which embraces all except the higher sets of Banking, Manufacturing, Railroading, &c.

Send for a Circular.

Dec. 12, 1863.-1y.

Steam Engine.

WE HAVE AUTHORITY TO SELL A Complete STEAM ENGINE of fifteen horse-power, suitable for a saw or flouring mill. No boilers. It is in town. Price $400. Payment to suit the purchaser. Inquire of the Editor. Dec. 12, 1863.-tf

United States Hotel, HARRISBURG.

THIS convenient and popular House, has recently undergone extensive improvements, and has been thoroughly renovated and refited in handsome style.

The gentlemanly proprietors, Messrs. COVERLY & HUTCHINSON, seem determined to do all in their power, for the comfort and entertainment of their guests. The table is furnished with every luxury the market can afford, and prepared in the finest style. Rooms large, well furnished and ventilated, thus making it a FIRST CLASS HOTEL and "The Home" of the travelling public and also of permanent boarders. This House has a peculiar advantage in location, contiguous to business, immediately between the two great depots, only a few steps from each and perfectly easy of access. Nov. 7.-tf.

DR. S. KIMMELL,

DENTIST.

Office opposite Exchange Hotel, Hollidaysburg

CALL and see specimens of Artificial Teeth mounted on Gold, Silver, and the Vulcanite base.

Dr. KIMMELL has made arrangements to visit Woodberry the THIRD MONDAY of each month, and remain until Wednesday evening. The remainder of the week he can be found at Martinsburg. At all other times he can be found at his office in Hollidaysburg.
Feb. 11, 1863.

The Tribune for 1864.

PROSPECTUS.

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